OT of two hundred suits. possibly two hundred and twenty, selling at from \$25.00 to \$75.00, there are ninety distinctly different styles-cloth, cut and finish are so varied.

This insures each purchaser an individuality and exclusiveness which can ordinarily be obtained only by having one's costumes tatlored to order-Besides the suits, new waists, separate skirts and furs are also ready. not mentil ning hats, neckwear, gloves,

shoes and the less important articles

of milady's wardrobe.



Gem Thoughts

jewel purchase is rarely decided upon and made in a few moments; usually it is from the Marlborough prison, and whom the outcome of a long and careful consider-If you have such an investment in mind we would like to have you spend a little | life sentence in the Irish prison. The heartime in our diamond office.

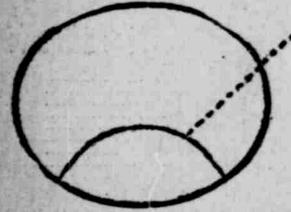
them very interesting. SIPE, importer of DIAMONDS Rooms 2, 3 and 4, 181, N. Meridian St. INDIANAPOLIS



Lunch, we will for one week sell a \$5.00 meal ticket for \$3.00. Sept. 21 to Sept. 28.

SMITH'S RESTAURANT 39-41 N Illinois St.

THE "INVISIBLE BIFOCALS"



This line does not show in the invisible Bifood. WIMMER, Optician, 16 N. Penn. St.

THE UNCUT D.AMONDS "Just as they were found in the mine" are attracting much attention. I will have them on exhibition this week, when they will be sent to the cutters. You are welcome to see them.

CARL L. ROST, Merchant. 15 North Illinois Street. The Claypool Hotel is just across the street

HAS A PECULIAR LEASE

IT WAS EXECUTED IN 1901 BY JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE.

The Leader of the Zionists Was Very Particular in the Phrasing of the Document.

H. B. Patten, an attorney with offices in and that in America there is no law for the the Lemoke building, has in his possession arrest of a prisoner and the sending him out a lease belonging to the heirs of the late of the country unless you can put a finger Carrie A. Hinds, who died in this city a on the law and demand of the President of year ago, which is very interesting read- the United States to do it. He affirmed that trator of the estate of Mrs. Hinds and as rendered for crime, and what law we have, such came into possession of the lease as a | if we do have any, is not applicable to the part of her personal effects.

ase of a tract of land located in Zion City, Ill., given in the month of Au- is known as assault and battery, and for gust, 1901, by John Alexander Dowie, leader | which there is not sufficient punishment of the Zionites, who styles himself Elijah II, for a term of eleven hundred years, and the plaintiffs can point to the law, there among other things, provides, "that no building shall be erected upon the premises must be measured by the law of Indiana. And, therefore, he concluded, the facts of illery, tannery, saloon, cigar store, theater or opera house, dance hall, circus, rmacy or drug store, or for the resioce of a physician or surgeon; or as a place for the sale of pork, lard or oil, or as place for the keeping and selling for human food of anything forbidden by God to be eaten in the seventh to the nineteenth verses of the fourteenth chapter of cripture contain the law of Is-The verses cited from rael and commanded the Israelites to eat those beasts that had cloven hoofs chewed their cud, and only those fish

BOY'S DEATH RESULTS.

James Corrigan, Accidentally Shot by

a Playmate, Succumbs. James Corrigan, who was accidentally shot with a revolver on Wednesday evening by his young playmate, Marshall Duval, of 2580 Station street, died at his home yesterday morning from the effects of his injuries. The boys, it is said, engaged in a friendly scuffle when the revolver was claimed that Lynchehaun was convicted of accidentally discharged and the bullet truck Corrigan in the abdomen. Deputy Coroner Gels yesterday held an investigation and found that the shooting was purely accidental and young Duval was exon-erated from all blame.

State and County Vote.

Frank I. Grubbs, deputy secretary of State, is busily engaged in the preparation of an abstract of the State and county vote for 1902. When the tabulations are all completed they will be printed and distributed. The abstract is being made for comparative purposes. Blank forms have been sent out to county clerks and they are asked to fill in the proper figures and return the blanks as soon as possible.

The Flowery Kingdom of Chulalong.

nation of handsome photographs and drawings and an interesting, entertaining try which is just beginning to awaken to the important facts of Occidental progress. personality of King Chulalongkorn, his the favorite Queen are tersely and vividly

CASE OF JAMES LYNCHEHAUN, IRISH REFUGEE, IS AGAIN UP.

Case Pro and Con in the Fed-

eral Court.

EXTRADITION LAW INVOLVED

LYNCHEHAUN IDENTIFIES HIMSELF WHILE ON THE STAND.

The Attorneys Will Appear Before the Court Again This Afternoon-Big Crowd in Attendance.

Over two hundred people crowded the Federal Court room yesterday afternoon to hear the argument of the case of James Lynchehaun, the Irish convict who escaped the British government is attempting to extradite in order that he may serve his ing was resumed yesterday morning in the We will be most pleased to exhibit our stock and values whether you intend an grand jury room, but the quarters were too immediate purchase or not. You'll find small to accommodate the crowds that clamored for admittance. Consequently the afternoon session was held in the large courtroom, and even there one-half the

> people were forced to stand. Lynchehaun himself, immediately after the increase of wages, will return to work this court opened, the entire day was devoted to | morning under former conditions until an the argument of the point involving the investigation of the matter is made by legal effect of the records of the Irish court. | their chief adviser, James McNeal, and The attorneys for the plaintiff argued that | their executive board. This action of the the records are conclusive evidence of the | Big Four people in leaving the matter in offense against both countries, while the the hands of the boiler makers is practicalcounsel for the defendant maintained that | ly a concession of an increase of wages. it could only amount to prima facie evi- The advisory board will look into the case dence of an offense committed against Ire- | and will adjust the new wage scale, which land, and could only be considered as such. will be presented to the Big Four officials, Numerous cases were cited by counsel for | and, if satisfactory, will be accepted. both sides to prove and disprove the point, which narrowed down to the proper interpretation of the treaty between the two countries made in 1842 and supplemented in 1889. The argument concluded at 5 o'clock, with the announcement from the court that the point will be further investigated at 2 o'clock to-day.

IDENTIFIES HIMSELF. When the court opened at 10 o'clock in the morning James Lynchehaun was placed on the stand and for the first time testified to the court that he is James Lynchehaun and was formerly a tenant on the estate of Agnes McDonald, whom he is charged with assaulting with intent to kill. "Then," contended Charles Fox, counsel for the British government, "this court has no right to hear any further testimony on a matter in which there has been already a conviction in the British courts." After this there followed throughout the day one of the most heated and eloquent legal debates on a question of international law that has ever been heard in Indianapolis. In admitting the identification of the prisoner, the attorneys of the defendants, Spean, Winter and Harris, are concentrating their fight on the point that the crime of which Lynchehaun is charged was a political orime and one not extraditable under the laws of the treaty. They are attempting to show that the crime com-mitted in Ireland is not sufficient under the laws of Indiana to warrant his convic-tion. They argued that the treaty speci-fies that the prisoner is to be adjudged by the laws of the country in which he is cap-

Attorney Winter opened the argument in the afternoon, stating that the Supreme Court of the United States and the Lord Chancery of England ruled in their judgement, and that the judgement on the civil debt was conclusive evidence. He argued that Lynchehaun had the right to testify in his own behalf in order that the court may ascertain whether he is guilty of the crime for which he is charged, or what that crime is, and whether under the laws of Indiana it is extraditable according to the treaty.

LIBERTY OF THE MAN. Addison C. Harris was the next speaker for the defendant. He maintained that the question was one of the liberty of a man under the laws of the United States. He said that they start with the fundamental principle to take no notice of the judgment of the conviction under the laws of Ireland. Patten was appointed adminis- there is no international law on judgments case involved. The case in hand is that of having the prisoner remitted to England Company was found guilty of violating the liable to condemn him to a life sentence. Since there is no international law, or until the crime must be known in order to know whether it constitutes a crime in Indiana. The contention of the lawyers as to whether an investigation into the crime was necessary hinged on the interpretation of Articles 7 and 10 of the treaty, which provide for the return of a refugee when a record of the trial and crime are produced. Counsel for the plaintiff contended that the meaning of the force of the records was sufficient evidence, such as the framers of the treaty had in mind, while the counsel of the defendant claimed that the trial should be produced in detail.

> ATTORNEY FOX ARGUES. Charles Fox followed the argument of Addison C. Harris. He maintained that the facts of conviction showed that the crime was sufficient for the sentence. He said he did not agree with the statement that the prisoner should be judged by the laws of Indiana for the reason that the counsel for the defendants did not charge with committing a crime and only when the prisoner is charged with having committed a crime is he judged by the laws of the country in which he is found. He a crime named in the treaty and that a rehearing of his case had all been disposed of. The closing argument of the afternoon was that of Jesse J. M. La Follette. His argument revolved around the interpretation of the articles of the treaty which bore on the case. He said the two sections should be construed together and interpreted then as meaning that documentary evidence was sufficient without entering into a review of the original crime. Further, he stated, that the charge of English statutes relative to assault with intent to murder embodied the same meaning as included in the statutes of Indiana, although stated in different language. He said that the treaty was law and recognized as such and was consequently a contract between the two countries that should be kept honorably and not be avoided by attempting to make the law mean otherwise than the framers had in mind.

WILL BE RESUMED TO-DAY. The argument closed at 5 o'clock and the Under this title on Page 2 of next Sun- | court adjourned funtil this afternoon at 2 ay's magazine supplement is given a com- o'clock, when the question will be examined further and Commissioner Moores will eticle on Siam, that strange Oriental coun- | decide whether counsel for the defendant shall be allowed to prove just what kind of a crime Lynchehaun is guilty of. After adplural wives, the ways of the curious peo- journment Lynchehaun was the center of ple over whom he rules and the liberality of attention. His many friends and countryportrayed in the article, while the pictures men pressed around him and shook his include a drawing of the royal palace and hands, wishing him well. Those who are photographs of the King and two of his working hardest for the prisoner all occu- the traction company. children, the favorite Queen. Siamese street pied prominent places in the courtroom merchants and the Travelers' Tree. Be sure and listened to the argument with rapt attended a copy of next Sunday's paper

P. H. McNells. George Feeney, John Carroll, Cornelius Kelly, John Shanky and many others. Mr. O'Conner said after adjournment that he thought the outlook for Lynchehaun was bright and was satis-fied that his counsel would win the right which he is charged.

TWELVE-YEAR-OLD BRIDE.

An Array of Legal Talent Argues the Samuel Miles. a Farmer, is Angry Over His Child's Marriage.

> Samuel Miles, a farmer living near Belleville, was in the city yesterday searching for Henry Pierson, who, he claims, aided his daughter Hazel, a twelve-year-old child, and Pearl D. Brewer, a farm hand, in securing a marriage license by making an affidavit that the two were of legal age to marry. Brewer was employed by Miles, and last Monday enticed the girl to this city, where, with the aid of Pierson, he married her and left for Belleville. Yesterday they telephoned to Mr. Miles, asking forgiveness and requesting that they be allowed to come home. Mr. Miles said he was willing for his daughter to remain at home, but he objects to her being married on account of her youth.

WILL GET MORE MONEY

BIG FOUR BOILER MAKERS WILL RETURN TO WORK TO-DAY.

Amount of Increase to Be Left to Advisory Board-Machinists Also

The seventy-five boiler makers of the Big Four shops in this city, who have been on Aside from the testimony of James strike for the past few days demanding an William Garstang, superintendent of mo-

tive power of the Big Four, said last night that the boiler makers would be given an increase, but just what it would amount to he did not know. He said the company was willing to raise the salaries of its men if it could, and as times were good now it Bryan? could afford to grant the raise. He stated further that to-day the road will give the machinists of Illinois an increase in wages. The boiler makers have been receiving 30 cents an hour. They demanded 35 cents an hour, but offered to compromise on 321/2 cents, and it is probable that this will be the new wage. This

about twenty-five of the strikers were boiler makers' helpers and did not receive the same wage. However, their scale will be increased also. Mr. Garstang said that he did not think there would be any further trouble in the shops, as the case wil be investigated at once, and it will be only

INDIANAPOLIS & NORTHWESTERN VIOLATED AN INJUNCTION.

Neither the Attorneys Nor Officers of the Company, However, in Contempt of Court-Federal Court Cases.

Further hearing of the contempt proceedings in the case of the Indianapolis & Northwestern Traction Company and others was had before Judge Francis E. Baker, of the United States Circuit Court, yesterday. These proceedings were the outcome of a violation of an injunction granted by the Montgomery Circuit Court last June sgainst the Indianapolis & Northwestern Traction Company and also the Consolidated Traction Company to restrain them from laying their tracks in the city of Crawfordsville. A large number of witpesses were examined to show that the defendants were guilty of such violation. Judge Baker, after having heard the arguments on both sides, held that the defendants, William N. Harding and William Johnson, attorneys for the road, were acting in good faith in the legal advice given to George Townsend, president, and Clifford Wise, contractor for the traction line, with reference to the injunction, and that Townsend and Wise were acting upon the advice of counsel, and could not be held guilty of contempt.

njunction, and the United States marshal was directed to tear up the tracks of the company laid down in violation of the order of the Montgomery Circuit Court. The marshal will not execute the order until the final determination of the original suit, which is still pending in the Federal Court. The Indianapolis & Northwestern Traction Company was ordered to pay the costs of the contempt proceedings and to pay the Consolidated Traction Company the sum of \$200 for the use of its tracks.

Must Answer by Oct. 5.

Judge Baker, of the Federal Court, yesterday overruled the motion for a temporary injunction in the case of the Central Union Telephone Company against the Indianapolis & Northwestern Traction Company and ruled that the defendant shall answer the complaint on or before Oct. 5. Suit was brought by the telephone company asking that the traction company be restrained from placing its poles and wires in such close proximity to the wires of the telephone line as to interfere with the transmission of its messages.

Hearing in Patent Case.

Judge Anderson, of the United States District Court, sitting in chambers, heard the argument of counsel in the case of the Siemens & Halske Electrical Company of America vs. the Duncan Electric Manufacturing Company et al. yesterday afternoon. This case is a patent cause brought against the defendants for an alleged infringement of an electric meter. Briefs on both sides were filed and the case was submitted to the court for its decision.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

Edward A. Hemphill, of Logansport, with liabilities of \$535.40 and assets of \$10, filed Federal Court yesterday. Orange R. Holman, of Marion, manager of a transfer line with liabilities amounting to \$4,304.81 and assets of \$2,265.50, also filed his voluntary

Petit Jury Drawn. The petit jury for the Evansville term of court was drawn by Noble C. Butler, clerk, and Jury Commissioner Ayres of the United States District Court yesterday aft-

Mortgage for \$4,000,000. A \$4,000,000 mortgage given by the Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction Company to the Farmers Loan and Trust Company of the city of New York was filed for record in the Marion county recorder's office vesterday morning. The mortgage was structing, completing and equipping its railroad and to discharge the obligations incurred thereby. Charles L. Henry is president and William L. Taylor secretary of

to investigate the nature of the crime of PANDEMONIUM REIGNED AT CLOSE OF DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

> Rapid Fire of Questions Independent Candidate Put to Holtzman Caused an Awful Uproar.

ANSWERS NOT FORTHCOMING

THREAT MADE TO CALL THE POLICE TO EJECT DR. CARTER.

Mr. Holtzman and Others Make the Same Old Speeches in Woodmen Hall, North Indianapolis.

The Democratic meeting held last night in the Woodmen Hall at Clifton and Udeli streets, North Indianapolis, broke up in a veritable row. At the conclusion of Candidate Holtzman's address, which was a rereading of the manuscript he had read the night before in Bellefontaine Hall, Dr. James Carter, the independent Democratic candidate for mayor, arose in the audience and asked if he might put a few questions to Mr. Holtzman.

"Go ahead," replied Holtzman. "I'll answer your questions." Dr. Carter awaited no further invitation.

"You speak of the contribution Gus Rahke made to the Republican campaign fund," he began. "I want to ask you how much of a contribution he made to the Democratic campaign fund?

"You speak of the winercoms, gambling houses and bawdy houses that have existed under Mayor Bookwalter's administration-I want to ask you if the same winerooms, gambling houses and bawdy houses did not exist under the Taggart administration of which you were always a warm sup-

"You say that if you are elected there will be no Gates, Joss or Logsdon to dictate to you-I want to ask you if you will not be dictated to by Jim Keach, John R. Wilson and a few other Democratic traitors who slaughtered William Jennings

"You speak---"

BLOW TO THE CROWD. But that was as far as Dr. Carter could go and he proceeded that far only under the most adverse conditions. The crowd seemed stupefied when he fired his first not include all the boiler makers, as question at Holtzman, but in a moment James W. Smith, the Democratic ward jeers and hoots and threats. Dr. Carter a few days before the men receive their in- persevered, but Chairman Smith finally started down from the platform with the declaration that he would call the police and have the disturber put out, while several men in the audience made threatening moves toward the doctor and then he was Holtzman himself had risen at the first

question Dr. Carter asked and started to answer it, but the doctor insisted that he be permitted to ask all his questions before any were answered. Then Holtzman walked toward the front of the platform and yelled: "Sit down! Shut up! Sit down!" After Dr. Carter had been forced to his seat Holtzman started in to answer the

I'll say to you that Gus Rahke never contributed a cent to my campaign fund-"I didn't say your campaign fund-I said Democratic campaign fund," interrupted Dr. Carter again.

"I'll say to you that we are running this campaign without funds," continued Holtzman, at the top of his voice. "And if you don't keep still I'll tell you in whose interest your petition as a candidate was filed. I want to say that the records of former administrations have nothing to do with this campaign. I'm not charging Bookwalter with the evils of past Republican administrations. The issue in this campaign is the administration of Bookwalter, and that's what we'll fight it out on. And I'll say to you that we'll not permit men who have filed petitions in Bookwalter's interest, whether paid for it or not, to interrupt our meetings any more! Candidate Holtzman was in a violent state

of perturbation by this time, and his voice rang in a way wholly out of keeping with the style he had adopted in the two readings of his keynote. The crowd was with him and cheered him to the echo, while reviling and hissing Dr. Carter, and the demonstration exceeded anything so far witnessed during the Democratic campaign. Chairman Smith declared the meeting adjourned, and the crowd filed up to shake hands with the candidates. Dr. Carter

gathered himself together and reluctantly left the hall, but not before he had let those near him understand that he had wanted to ask Holtzman about his record as prosecuting attorney and about the \$2,000 in illegal allowances Holtzman had taken from the taxpavers. record before this campaign is over," said

SAVED BY THE INCIDENT.

But for this incident the meeting would have been devoid of enthusiasm, interest or

The three candidates at the head of the

Democratic ticket were present when Chairman Smith called the gathering to order. W. M. Fogarty, candidate for city cierk, was presented first, but he did not attempt a speech. Edward W. Little, candidate for police judge, took the same advantage of the audience he took of the one the night before in Bellefontaine Hall and repeated substantially the same speech, attacking Mayor Bookwalter and Police Judge Whallon and ringing the changes on the Republican slogan, "Stand up for Indianapolis. " 'Stand up for Indianapolis' does not mean stand up for the continuance of law-

essness and malicious violators of the aw." he said at one point. Holtzman, by way of preface, alluded to the account of Wednesday night's meeting in vesterday's Journal, which said the meeting was a "frost," and said he hoped he would have the same kind of "frosts" all through the campaign. He then apologized for repeating his keynote, drew his bulky manuscript and began reading. The mayoralty candidate attempted to vary his address by interpolating a few allusions to the Journal, a reference to Temple-avenue and West-street improvements and allusions to the speeches deivered by Mayor Bookwalter and former Attorney General W. L. Taylor at the Republican meeting in Haughville Wednesday night. Also, at two or three points, he did not follow his manuscript word for word, but literally or in substance he repeated everything he had said at the meeting the night before. He was interrupted by applause ten times and by laughter eight times, such was the enthusiasm provoked. Six men in the audience filed out during the speech.

Rose Martin Arrested.

Rose Martin, a frequenter of O'Brien's saloon at Maryland street and Capitol avenue, was yesterday bound over to the grand jury from Justice Moore's court on a charge of grand larceny. The woman, it is said, stele a diamond ring and stud valued at \$100 from the overcoat pocket of Samuel J. Beadle while he was calling on her, and he swore out the warrant for her

Returns from the Oil Field.

State Geologist Blatchley returned yesterday from a visit to the Parker-Selma oil fields in Delaware and Randolph counties. given for the purpose of acquiring, con- He has been making some investigation of this field with a view to completing his maps for his annual report. He will devote considerable space to the oil fields of the State. The Parker-Selma field is about eight miles long and two miles wide. The geologist finds that this field is what might be called a "spotted" terri-

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rich flow, but there is really no assurance of finding a good producing well. Mr. Blatchley found the largest producing well in the State in this field. It is known as "Cecil No. 10" and is within a mile of the town of Parker. The well was finished on May 4, last, and at the present time is flowing twenty barrels an hour. Since it was finished it has kept up a large flow.

REV. HARRY BLUNT CALLED

Plymouth Church Unanimously Invites Him to Come.

At a meeting of the congregation of Plymouth Church last night it was unanimously voted to extend a call to the Rev. Harry Blunt, of St. Louis. He preached here last Sunday and made a good impression on his hearers. It is hoped that he will be able to begin his pastorate by Nov. 1, at which time the new home of the congregation will be ready for occupancy,

at Seaton's hat store.

C., H. & D. RY. \$1.50-Springfield and Return-\$1.50 \$1.25-Decatur and Return-\$1.25. Sunday, Sept. 27th.

Special train will leave Indianapolis 6 a. m.; returning, leave Springfield 7 p. m. Passengers boarding excursion train with-out tickets will be charged local fare.

PENNSYLVANIA-VANDALIA LINES. \$19.75-Greensboro, N. C., and Return -\$19.75 from Indianapolis.

Correspondingly low fares from all points within seventy-five miles of Indianapolis. Tickets sold Oct. 9 and 10. Return limit fifteen days, with privilege of extension until Nov. 15. For particulars call on agents, or address W. W. RICHARDSON,

Excelsior Laundry was awarded a prize Tuesday evening at the Horse Show in the light delivery class. The wagon was made by the Racine Wagon Company and sold by the H. T. Conde Company.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE. \$19.75-Greensboro, N. C., and Return-\$19.75,

from Indianapolis. Corresponding rates from all points withn seventy-five miles of Indianapolis. Tickets on sale Oct. 9 and 10. Good to return fifteen days from date of sale, with privilege of extension until Nov. 15 by deposit of ticket and payment of 50c. Through coaches in charge of Elwood Wilson will leave Indianapolis 6:20 p. m., Friday, Oct. 9, and run through to Greensboro without change, via Big Four, C. & O. and Southern Rys., reaching there early For tickets and full information call at

Big Four Office, No. 1 East Washington street, Union Station and along the line.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A. REDUCED FARES TO DENVER

Via Pennsylvania Lines. Account Brotherhood of St. Andrew's national convention, will be in effect Oct 3 to 7, inclusive. For details consult ticket W. W. RICHARDSON, D. P. A.,

PENNSYLVANIA-VANDALIA LINES.

Low one-way colonist fares daily until San Diego; \$36.80 to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver; \$34.65 to Spokane; correspondingly low fares to other points. For particulars call on agents, or address W. W. Richardson, D. P. A.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE. Excursions Sunday, Sept. 27.

\$1.25-Cincinnati and Return-\$1.25 Special fast express trains leave Indianapolis Union Station 7 a. m. Returning. leave Central Union Station, Cincinnati, TERRE HAUTE, \$1.

GREENCASTLE, 75c Special train leaves Indianapolis Union Station 7 a. m. Returning, leaves Terre Haute 7 p. m. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Via Monon Route. Tickets sold September 26 and 28. Final return limit October 2. Four fast trains leave Indianapolis 7 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 3:35

\$5.00-CHICAGO AND RETURN-\$5.00

p. m. and 12:55 a. m. 88.00 Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Daily via the Chicago & Northwestern Railway. Four trains a day leave Chicago 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 10 p. m. and 3 a. m. The best of everything. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and full particulars, apply to any ticket agent or address N. M. BREEZE, 435 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

\$4.00 Round Trip to St. Louis, Mo. Veiled Prophet Excursion via Clover Leaf Route, Tuesday, Oct. 6, 1903. Special train passes Kokomo, Ind., at 2:45 a. m., Frankfort. Ind., at 3:35 a. m. Get tickets and information of agents Clover Leaf Route, or address C. D. WHITNEY, General Traffic

The first Prize was awarded Mrs. Frank M. Murphy's Studebaker Spider Phaeton in the Ladies' class at the Horse Show. Wednesday-this rig was purchased of the H. T. Conde Company.

Feed your horses JANES'S Dustless Oats.

Manager Clover Leaf Route, Toledo, O.

The "Ball-Bearing" Densmore. If you examine carefully the new models, 4 and i Densmore, you will buy a Densmore. DENSMORE TYPEWRITER CO., Monument place and E. Market st. Typewriters sold and exchanged, rented and repaired.

Founders and finishers. Brass railing work. 133-142 East Georgia st. 'Phones 121. R. P. King, Mechanical Engineer. Mechanical drawing of all kinds. 415 Lemcke.

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ONE-WAY RATES FROM SEPTEMBER 15th to NOVEMBER 30th, 1903

THE WAT THAT ES PROM SEPTEMBER 15th to NOVEMBER 50th, 190				
TO ROM	Pug t Sound Country, Portl nd District.	California, San Fra cisco, Los Angeles, Etc.	Batte-He'ena District.	Spokane District.
ST. LOUIS	\$30.00 \$33.00	\$30.00 \$33.00	\$26.00 \$28.00	\$27.50 \$30.50

Initial lines make these greatly reduced colonist rates in connection with the BUR-LINGTON ROUTE via St. Louis or Chicago.

Dally THROUGH CHAIR CARS on the "Burlington-Northern Pacific Express."

The Burlington and its immediate connections, the Northern Pacific and Great Northern Roads, form direct lines to the Northwest via St. Paul or Billings.

St. Louis to the Puget Sound via Billings, Montana—the short line and the time saver. TO CALIFORNIA, colonist tickets are good in the Burlington's several through tourist sleeper personally conducted excursions every week from St. Louis and Chicago to San Francisco and Los Angeles via Denver, Scenic Colorado, Salt Lake City.

FROM ST. LOUIS THREE FAST DAILY TRAINS. FROM CHICAGO THREE FAST DAILY TRAINS.

Describe your proposed trip and let us advise you the least cost and the best way to go. W. WAKELEY, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, W. M. SHAW, Dist. Pass'r Agent, St Louis, Mo. 436 Vine St., Cincinnati. O,

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THE BIG FOUR ROUTE

Nineteenth St. and L. E. & W. R. R.

\$5.00-Chicago and Return-\$5.00 Chicago Centennial Celebration.

Tickets on sale September 26 and 28, good to return until October 2 For tickets and full particulars call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Wash-H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A. ington street, and Union Station.

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INDIAN APOLIS

Commenced Business Sept. 1st, 1899 THE INDIANAPOLIS FIRE INSURANCE CO, 122 East Market St., Indiana polis, Ind H. C. MARTIN, Secretary. JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, President. Sum nary Fourth Annual Statement, December 31, 1902.

Surplus over capital stock and all other liabilities.....

Armstrong Laundry Packages Called For and Delivered.

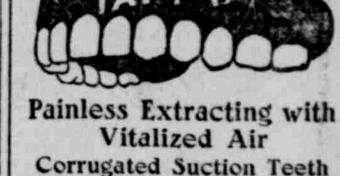
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25 W. Washington St., opp. News.